# Policy Issues Regarding the Promotion of FTA Utilization in Japan

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# 3 Conditions for Securing Economic Gains through FTAs

- 1. Sufficient coverage of FTA partners
  - Trade values, business needs
- 2. Sufficient level of liberalization in each FTA
  - Ratio of duty-free items/trade
- 3. Sufficient level of utilization of FTAs by firms
  - Costs & benefits of using FTAs for firms

# Major Policy Discussion in Japan

- 1. Sufficient coverage of FTA partners
  - Which countries should JPN negotiate FTAs with?
- 2. Sufficient level of liberalization in each FTA
  - Which items should be liberalized?
- 3. Sufficient level of utilization of FTAs by firms
  - Have Japan's FTAs actually been used by firms?

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# **Outline**

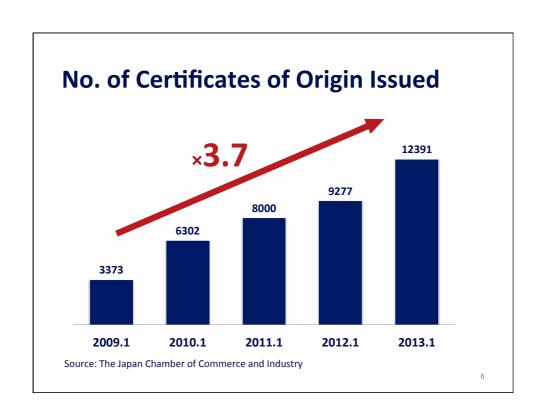
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Utilization ratio of FTAs in Japan
- 3. Examples of transaction costs associated with the use of FTAs
- 4. Possible measures for promoting FTA utilization in Japan

1. Introduction

# 2. Utilization ratio of FTAs in Japan

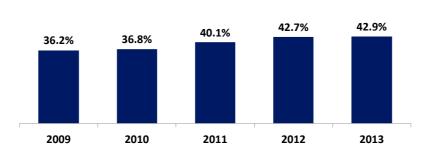
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# FTA Utilization Rate in terms of no. of firms

(Among firms engaged in trade with FTA partners)



Source: JETRO (2014) FY 2013 Survey on the International Operations of Japanese Firms

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# Reasons for not Using an FTA (1)

(MFN Tariff – FTA Preferential Tariff) < Cost of using the FTA

Preferential margin = Tax saving effects

### 1. Small preferential margin (= Small tax saving effects)

- 1) Low MFN tariff rate
  - Already liberalized under the GATT/WTO

#### 2) High FTA preferential tariff

- Exempted from the liberalization even in the FTA
  - Japan: rice, wheat, dairy, sugar, etc.

# Reasons for not Using an FTA (2)

(MFN Tariff – FTA Preferential Tariff) < Cost of using the FTA

### 2. Compliance costs of ROO

- Restrictiveness of rules of origin
  - Estevadeordal and Suominen (2008): Impacts of RoO on trade
  - Hayakawa (2014, JJIE): Bilateral vs Multilateral FTAs on utilization

#### 3. Other transaction costs

- Searching/understanding FTA-related information
  - Tariff-saving effects, RoO, administrative procedures

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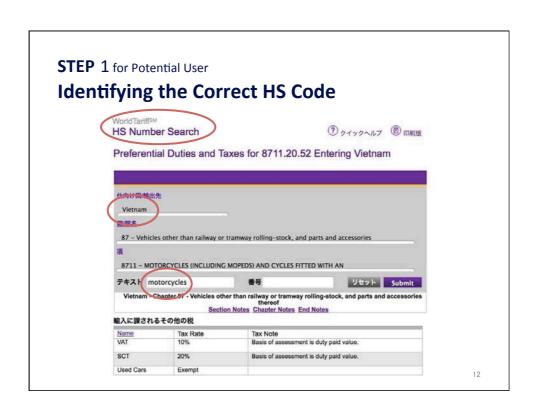
### **STEP 1** for Potential User

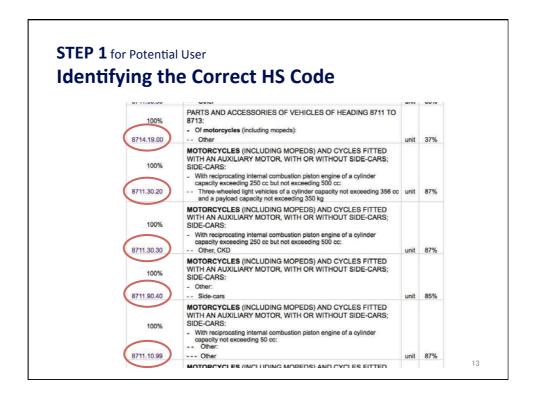
### **Identifying the Correct HS Code**

- HS code: commodity classification number
  - 1st step for calculating tax saving effects of an FTA
- Not fully internationally standardized
  - e.g. HS code of "Saxophone"

VNM: 9205.90.90 (8 digits)
JPN: 9205.90.030 (9 digits)
USA: 9205.90.4040 (10 digits)

- Exporters must identify / inquire the code of *importing* country (in English)
  - No search engine available in Japanese





### **STEP 2** for Potential User

### **Identifying the Preferential Tariff Rate**

- Preferential tariff rates change over time
  - Phase-out period
  - MFN applied tariffs can also change
  - Tariff saving effects also change over time

#### Preferential tariffs of Television (HS85287299) committed to by Vietnam

VJEPA, B8, Current applied MFN rate: 35%

2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 36% 31% 27% 22% 18% **13%** 9% 4% Free

#### **STEP 3** for Potential User

### **Comparing Multiple Trade Agreements**

- Tariff rates varies across trade agreements
  - e.g. Exports from Japan to Vietnam
    - MFN (WTO), AJCEP (ASEAN+JPN), JVEPA, RCEP?, TPP?
    - Exports from 3<sup>rd</sup> countries to Vietnam?
    - Different tariff saving effects

#### Preferential tariffs of Television (HS85287299) committed to by Vietnam

Current applied MFN rate: 35%

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
JVEPA	36%	31%	27%	22%	18%	13%	9%	4%	Free
AJCEP	31%	27%	22%	18%	13%	9%	4%	Free	Free

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#### **STEP 3** for Potential User

### **Comparing Multiple Trade Agreements**

- MFN tariff rate < Preferential tariff rate ?</li>
  - Due to unilateral liberalization

Preferential tariffs of Motorcycle (HS87112032) committed to by Vietnam

Current applied MFN rate: 75%

AJCEP: **90%** JVEPA: **90%** 

#### **STEP 4** for Potential User

### **Understanding and Comparing RoOs**

- Procedure for obtaining certificate of origin
- RoOs may differ by partner country
  - Even for the same item

#### **RoOs for Color TVs**

Japan-ASEAN: 40% of RVC (Regional Value Content)

Japan-Malaysia: 40% of RVC Japan-Chile: 40% of RVC

or CTC (Change of tariff classification) at the 4-digit level

Japan-Mexico: CTC at the **4-digit** level

Japan-India: **35%** of RVC **or** CTC at the **6-digit** level Source) METI, White Paper on International Economy & Trade, 2014

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- Obtaining further economic gains from FTAs requires
  - Expanding FTA partners
  - Expanding coverage of duty-free items
  - Expanding the users of the FTAs
    - Including SMEs with limited human resources
    - By minimizing costs of using FTAs (transaction costs)

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# **Possible Measures**

- "Automatic Notification Service" by Customs
  - Alert system for exporters (Korea's experience)
    - Pop-up message on the e-clearance system screen
    - "This item is subject to FTA tariff in importing country!"
    - Informing both FTA tariff rate and MFN rate

Sorce: Lee (2014) "Korea Customs' FTA Program for SME", Korea Customs Service.

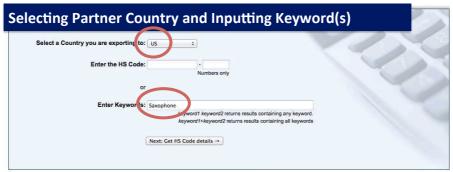
- One-stop portal site for FTA "users"
  - Consolidating fragmented and overlapping info.
    - MOFA, METI, MAFF, MOF
    - Japan Customs, JETRO, JCCI, FeDEx
    - Foreign governments
  - Providing search engines for
    - HS codes
    - MFN/FTA tariff rates (current + future)
    - ROO provisions

in Japan and partner countries

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# **Possible Measures**

- Easy to use "FTA Tariff Calculator"
  - Calculating tariff savings (Singapore's experience)



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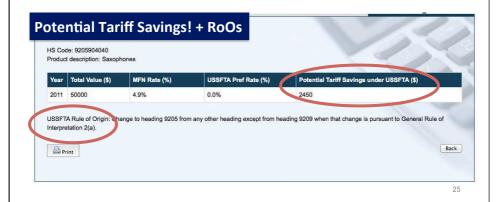
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# **Conclusion**

- Benefits of promoting FTA utilization
  - Increasing the number of users
    - = Increasing the number of beneficiaries of FTAs
    - = Expanding the number of supporters for future trade liberalization& regional economic integration